## A new example for a hydrogen induced insulating state in the La-Mg-Ni-H system

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Following our discovery of a hydrogen induced insulating state in the LaMg<sub>2</sub>Ni-H system [1] we have investigated the closely related La<sub>2</sub>MgNi<sub>2</sub>-H system. Hydrogenation of tetragonal La<sub>2</sub>MgNi<sub>2</sub> at 10 bar and 100°C leads to a complex metal hydride of composition La<sub>2</sub>MgNi<sub>2</sub>H<sub>8</sub> having monoclinic symmetry. In contrast to LaMg<sub>2</sub>NiH<sub>7</sub> which displays tetradedral [NiH<sub>4</sub>]<sup>4-</sup> complexes that are isolated from each other, La<sub>2</sub>MgNi<sub>2</sub>H<sub>8</sub> displays two types of polyanionic hydrido complexes having novel geometries. The complexes are ordered and represent the first case of a mixed polyanionic metal hydride system in the literature. The Ni-H distances vary from 1.43 to 1.91Å. Some hydrogen atoms are coordinated by La and Mg atoms only in octahedral [La<sub>4</sub>Mg<sub>2</sub>]-type or tetrahedral [La<sub>2</sub>Mg<sub>2</sub>]-type configurations. The hydride does not desorb hydrogen below 190°C and 1.10<sup>-1</sup> mbar pressure and segregates into LaH<sub>3</sub> and other unidentified phases above 300°C. Electrical resistivity measurements on powder samples confirm the hydride to be non-metallic.

[1] K. Yvon, G. Renaudin, C. M. Wei, M.Y. Chou, Phys. Rev. Lett. 94, 066403 (2005)