



Structural Heterogeneity in Twinned $\text{Yb}_{2-x}(\text{Fe,Ga})_{17+2x}$ Polytypes

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Sample preparation

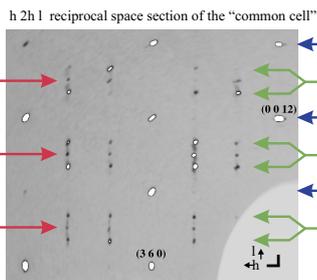
The alloy was prepared by arc-melting at the nominal composition $\text{Yb}_{11}\text{Fe}_6\text{Ga}_4$

The ferromagnetic title compounds are substitution derivatives of R_2Fe_{17} (R = Rare earth) in which R and Fe atoms are partially substituted by Fe_2 dumbbells and Al(Ga) atoms, respectively.

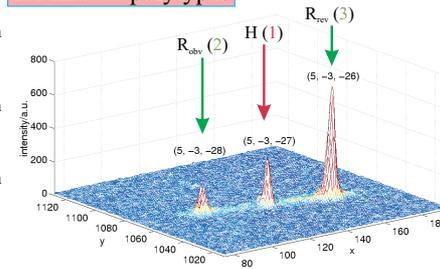
According to previous work they crystallize with the hexagonal LuFe_{17} type (1, $P6_3/mmc$) and/or rhombohedral PrFe_{17} type (2, $R\bar{3}m$) structure. 1 and 2 (ABABAB and ABCABCABC stacking sequences) can be considered as polytypes with maximum degree of order (MDO polytypes).

They have the cell parameter relationships $a(\text{I}) = a(\text{II})$ and $3c(\text{I}) = 2c(\text{II})$.

In this work we show that both polytypes can occur within a **coherently twinned crystal**.



2H and 3R polytypes



Structure investigations

Crystals of the cast sample showed peculiar non-space group absences and cell metrics $a(\text{I}) = a(\text{II}) = 8.615 \text{ \AA}$ and $3c(\text{I}) = 2c(\text{II}) = 25.215 \text{ \AA}$.

Diffraction patterns: image plate detector, synchrotron radiation

Modelled by superposing three sorts of domains: one hexagonal (1) and two rhombohedral (2, 3 - twinned by reticular merohedry). Given the absence of a significant diffuse scattering intensity interference terms arising from possible stacking-faults were neglected.

Structure refinement was performed by a newly developed computer program [1] that allows to refine several structures on a single data set.

Results

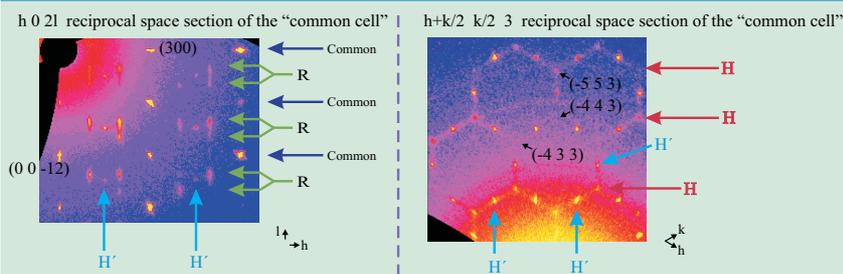
1 and 2(3) displayed different chemical compositions: 1 showed a higher rate of Yb substitution by Fe, dumbbells than 2(3), and 2(3) showed partial substitution of Fe by Ga.

Nano-scale chemically heterogeneous domains of the same crystal were structurally characterized for the first time.

Diffuse intensity

its amount in the streaks along c^* enabled us to find out the average domain size along c : evaluated qualitatively at the level of a few tens of unit cell dimensions

A crystal from an $\text{Yb}_{12}\text{Fe}_{66}\text{Al}_{13}$ alloy has the same structural features but shows an **extra scattering** (H'), with diffuse streaks in the basal plane. It suggests **short-range order** in it. Diffuse streaks for the reflections from R (2 and 3) domains indicate **frequent stacking faults** along c .



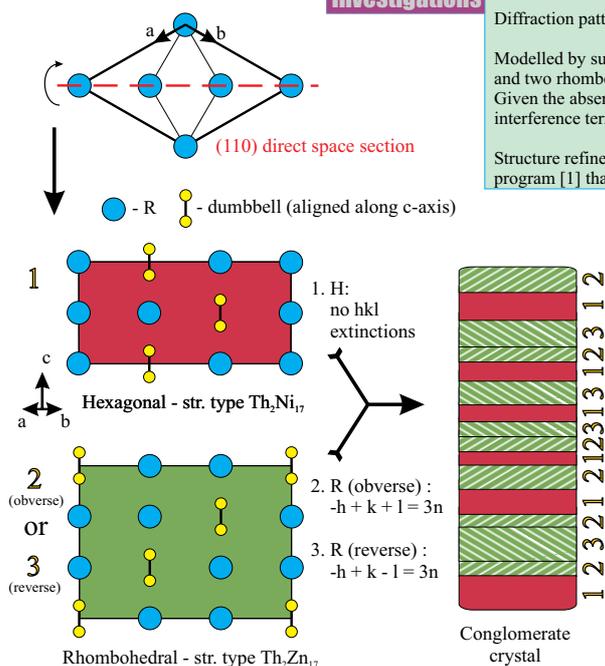
R: peaks of rhombohedral domains 2 and 3 are diffuse along c^* direction

H' : peaks can be indexed in $H'(4)$ cell with $a = 2a(\text{I}) = 2a(\text{II})$ and $c = c(\text{I})$ they have no diffuse streaks along c^*

H: peaks of hexagonal domain 1 are not diffuse along a^* or b^*

H' : peaks can be indexed in $H'(4)$ cell with $a = 2a(\text{I}) = 2a(\text{II})$ and $c = c(\text{I})$ they have diffuse streaks along a^* and b^*

evidence for local R-atom ordering in the basal plane different from that observed in $\text{Th}_2\text{Ni}_{17}$ and $\text{Th}_2\text{Zn}_{17}$ type structures



Data acquisition: ESRF (SNBL) $\lambda = 0.55091 \text{ \AA}$; crystal selected from a $\text{Yb}_{12}\text{Fe}_{66}\text{Ga}_{24}$ bulk								
	the whole conglomerate		domain type 1		domain type 2		domain type 3	
crystal class			hexagonal		rhombohedral		rhombohedral	
space group			$P6_3/mmc$		$R\bar{3}m$		$R\bar{3}m$	
a ($a_s = 8.615 \text{ \AA}$)	a_s		a_s		a_s		a_s	
c ($c_s = 25.215 \text{ \AA}$)	c_s		$c_s/3$		$c_s/2$		$c_s/2$	
refined composition			$\text{Yb}_{3.46(2)}\text{Fe}_{35.07(4)}$		$\text{Yb}_{5.006(2)}\text{Fe}_{30.44(2)}\text{Ga}_{1.878(13)}$			
no. of parameters	41		18		20			
volume fraction			0.320(4)		0.340(3)		0.340(3)	
group of reflections	all	common	all	own	all	own	all	own
$R_1(F^2_{\sigma} > 3s(F^2_{\sigma}))$	0.0644	0.0551	0.0635	0.0839	0.0597	0.0660	0.0591	0.0646
$wR_2(\text{all})$	0.1857	0.1553	0.2102	0.2700	0.1625	0.1679	0.1626	0.1680
Goof(All)	1.0084							

Related topics:

1. What is a real TbCu₇ structure? Isn't it a highly disordered stacking of the layers that have a strong tendency to ordering in the basal plane?
 2. D.S. Yufit *et al.* (2002). Acta Cryst., **B58**, 673-676 - two polytypes of organic substance in a coherently twinned crystal
 3. H. Katzke. (2002). Z. Kristallogr., **217**, 127-130 - variations of peak profiles for 2H&3R twinned polytypes of NbS₃
 4. D.L. Smith *et al.* (1981). Acta Cryst., **B37**, 1807-1812 - 2H&3R coherently twinned polytypes of CuNCS were refined
- [1] H. Birkedal, M. Hostettler, W. Paciorek, D. Schwarzenbach, Bulletin of the Czech and Slovak Crystallographic Association. Special issue B, ECM-18 posters - abstracts. 5 (1998), 200 (Abstract A4-P17).