

ADVANCED MATERIALS

Supporting Information

for

Advanced Materials, adma.200602645

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Supplementary Section

Table S1 : Crystal data for MIL-53LP.

Formula	$[Cr^{III}(OH)(OOC-C_6H_4-COO)J.(CO_2)_x (x \sim 0.54)]$
Chemical formula	$Cr_4O_{24.32}C_{34.16}H_{20}$
Molar weight (g.mol ⁻¹)	1020.3
Calculated density (g.cm ⁻³)	1.57
Crystal system	Monoclinic
Space group	$C\bar{2}/c (n^{\circ}15)$
<i>a</i> (Å)	19.713(1)
<i>b</i> (Å)	8.310(1)
<i>c</i> (Å)	6.806(1)
β (°)	105.85(1)
<i>V</i> (Å ³)	1072.48(2)
<i>Z</i>	1
Figures of merit	$M_{19}/F_{19}=11/40$
Radiation λ (Å)	0.71118
Temperature (K)	195
2θ range (°)	2-26.7
N. reflections	157
N. independent atoms	10
N. intensity parameters	26
N. profile parameters	9
N. soft distance constraints	24
R_P	4.5
R_F	12.1
Isotropic thermal factor	1.2(1)
Profile function	Pearson VII
Background	Experimental (36 points)
N. of asymmetry parameters	2

Table S2 : atomic positions of MIL-53LP at 195 K under 1 bar of CO₂:

(S.G. C 1 2/c 1 (no. 15), $a = 19.716(1)$ Å, $b = 8.310(1)$ Å, $c = 6.805(1)$ Å, $\beta = 105.85(1)$ °, $V=1072.6(2)$ Å³)

Atom	Wyckoff Site Occupation	x	y	z
Cr	$4a$	0	0	0
O(1)	$4e$	0	-0.106(2)	3/4
O(2)	$8f$	0.0645(6)	0.165(1)	0.944(2)
O(3)	$8f$	0.0857(9)	0.120(1)	0.652(2)
C(1)	$8f$	0.1055(5)	0.169(3)	0.838(2)
C(2)	$8f$	0.2016(6)	-0.259(3)	0.621(2)
C(3)	$8f$	0.2756(6)	-0.295(2)	0.707(2)
C(4)	$8f$	0.179(1)	-0.219(2)	0.419(2)
C	$4e$	0.54(1)	0	0.557(6)
O	$8f$	0.54(1)	0.0469(7)	-0.442(3)
				0.920(2)

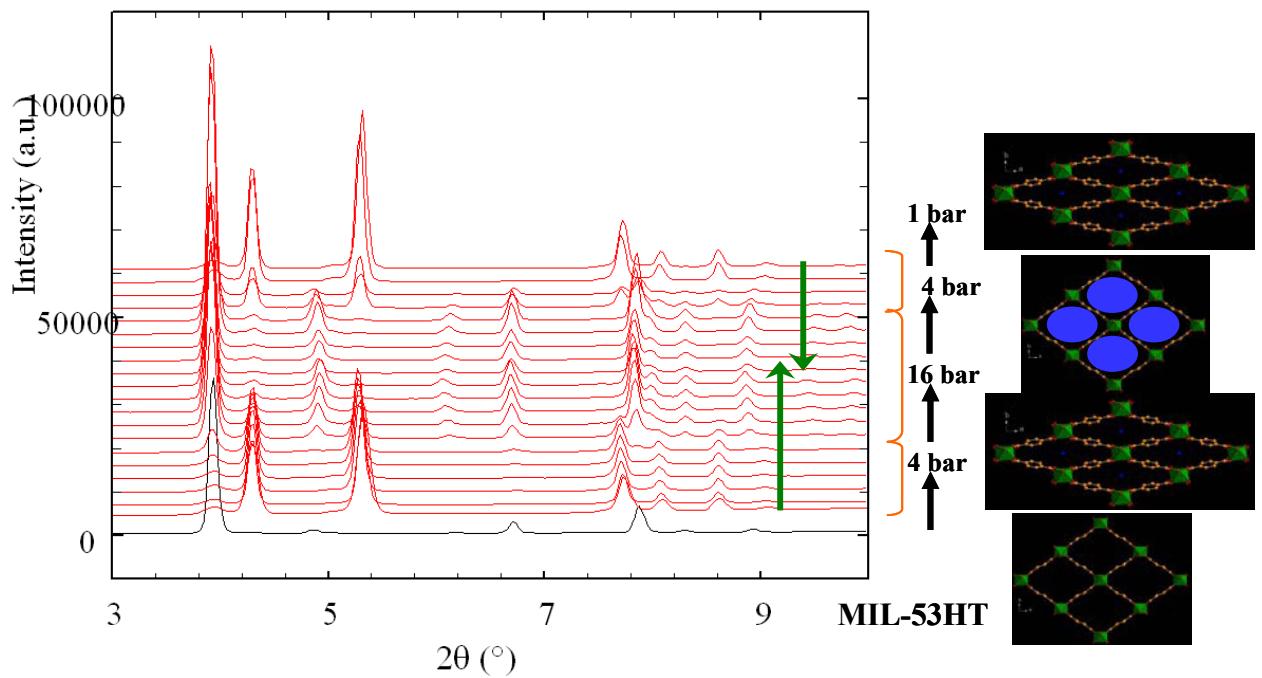


Figure S1: left : XRPD patterns of MIL-53(Cr) under CO_2 pressure at 298 K; ($\lambda=0.71118 \text{ \AA}$). A pattern of the outgassed sample, prior to the introduction of CO_2 , is shown in black. Right: schematic view of the various structures of MIL-53 as a function of the pressure.

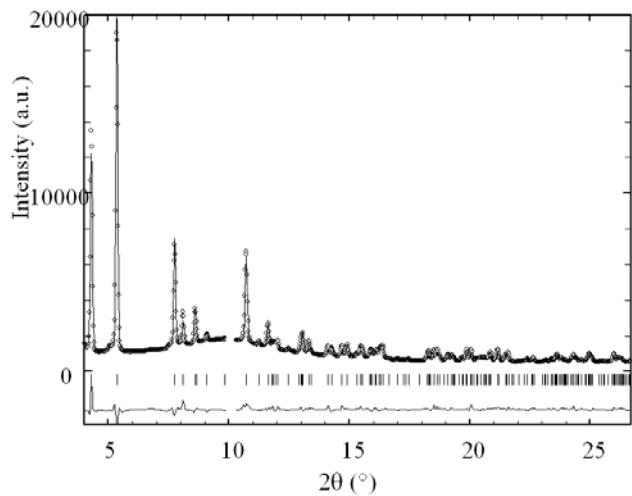


Figure S2: Rietveld fit for MIL-53LP measured at 195 K under 1 bar of CO_2 , $\lambda=0.71118 \text{ \AA}$.

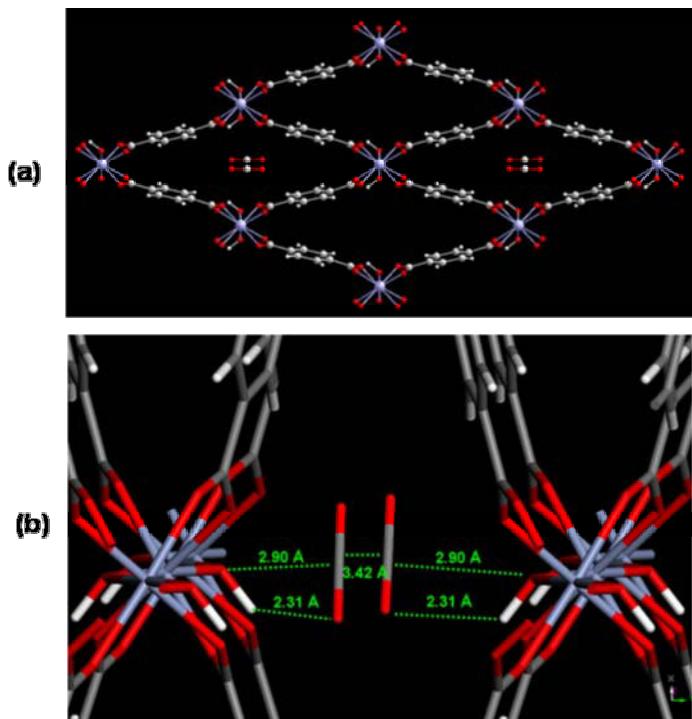


Figure S3: Top: view of the DFT optimised MIL-53LP structure along the c axis; bottom : view of the •straight-on and direct interactions between CO_2 and the hydroxyl group in the DFT optimised MIL-53LP solid (red circles: oxygen, gray circles: carbon, white circle : hydrogen, blue circle : chromium).

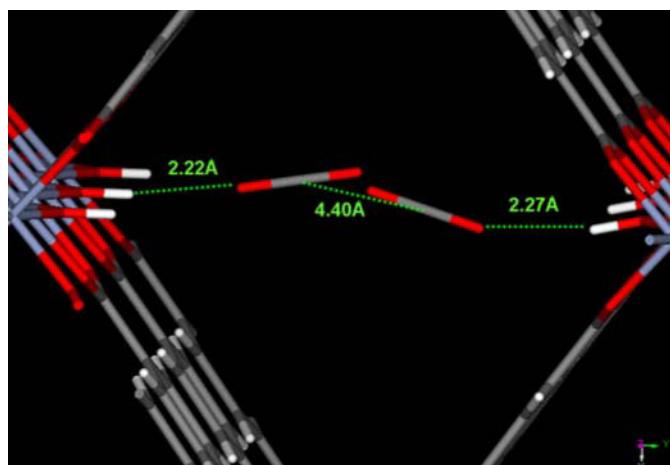


Figure S4: view of the •straight-on and direct interactions between CO_2 and the hydroxyl group in the DFT optimised MIL-53HP solid (red circles: oxygen, gray circles: carbon, white circle : hydrogen, blue circle : chromium)

[figS5.pps](#)

Figure S5: “movie” of the variation of the MIL53 structure (bands at 1017 and 1022 cm⁻¹) and of the ν_2 CO₂ absorption band during a cycle of CO₂ adsorption-desorption. 45 spectra recorded in the 0-10 bars pressure range are presented.